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TC 2800 MAIL ROOM

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE:**

A liquid crystal display panel fabricated by bonding a first substrate and a second substrate together with a peripheral sealing section, providing a given spacing therebetween. A signal electrode is disposed so as to oppose an opposite electrode, and a liquid crystal layer is sealed in-between the spacing such that a transmittance thereof increases by applying a voltage thereto. The signal electrode is composed of target electrodes, wiring electrodes, and a peripheral electrode, and wiring sealing sections formed of a transparent sealing material are installed in regions where wiring electrodes are opposed to the opposite electrode such that a transmittance of the regions is always substantially equal to that of regions of the liquid crystal layer where a voltage is applied, thereby enabling a transmitting state to occur to the entire area of a display region in a condition wherein no voltage is applied.

**IN THE ABSTRACT:**

Delete the current Abstract and replace therewith the attached substitute Abstract.

A liquid crystal display panel ~~[[is]]~~ fabricated by bonding a first substrate ~~[[1]]~~ and a second substrate ~~[[2]]~~ together with a peripheral sealing section ~~[[3]]~~, providing a given spacing therebetween~~[[, a]]~~. A signal electrode ~~[[20]]~~ is disposed so as to oppose an opposite electrode ~~[[21]]~~, and a liquid crystal layer ~~[[18]]~~ is sealed in-between the spacing such that a transmittance thereof increases by applying a voltage thereto, ~~and the~~. The signal electrode ~~[[20]]~~ is composed of target electrodes ~~[[5]]~~, wiring electrodes ~~[[8]]~~, and a peripheral electrode ~~[[11]]~~, and wiring sealing sections ~~[[6]]~~ formed of a transparent sealing material are installed in regions where wiring electrodes ~~[[8]]~~ are opposed to the opposite electrode ~~[[21]]~~ such that a transmittance of the regions is always substantially equal to that of regions of the liquid crystal layer ~~[[18]]~~ where a voltage is applied, thereby enabling a transmitting state to occur to the entire area of a display region in a condition wherein no voltage is applied.